# VISHESH ACADEMY OF COMMERCE 

DSS-33, OLD COURT COMPLEX NEAR FAWARA CHOWK HISAR

## CA FOUNDATION <br> TEST - CORRELATION AND REGRESSION

TIME: 1 Hrs.
Marks: 30

Q1. The coefficient of correlation $r$ between $x$ and $y$ when: $\operatorname{Cov}(x, y)=-16.5, \operatorname{Var}(x)=2.89, \operatorname{Var}(y)=100$ is:
(a) -0.97
(b) 0.97
(c) 0.89
(d) -0.89

Q2. If the sum of squares ofthe rank difference in Mathematics and Physics marks of 10 students is 22, then the coefficient of rank correlation is:
(a) 0.267
(b) 0.867
(c) 0.92
(d) None

Q3. Forthe following data, the coefficient of rank correlation is:

| Rank in Botany: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rank in Chemistry: | 2 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 |

(a) 0.93
(b) 0.4
(c) 0.6
(d) None

Q4. For 10 pairs of observations, number of concurrent deviations was found to be 4 . What is the value of the coefficient of concurrent deviation?
(a) $\sqrt{0.2}$
(b) $1 / 3$
(c) $-1 / 3$
(d) $-\sqrt{0.2}$

Q5. The coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ series from the following data:

|  | X series | Y series |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of pairs of | 15 | 15 |
| Observations |  |  |
| Arithmetic Mean | 25 | 18 |
| Standard Deviation | 3.01 | 3.03 |
| Sum of squares of dev. from mean | 136 | 138 |

Sum of the product of the deviations of $X$ and $Y$ series from their respective means $=122$, is :
(a) 0.89
(b) 0.99
(c) 0.69
(d) 0.91

Q6. If the sum of square of differences of rank is 50 and number of items is 8 then what the value of rank correlation coefficient is.
(a) 0.59
(b) 0.40
(c) 0.36
(d) 0.63

Q7. The coefficient of correlation is significant if:
(a) $r>5$ P.E
(b) $\mathrm{r}<6 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{E}$
(c) $r \geq 6 \times$ P.E.,
(d) $r=6 P . E$

Q8. Correlation coefficient between $X$ and $Y$ will be negative when:-
(a) $X$ and $Y$ aredecreasing
(b) X is increasing, Y is decreasing
(c) $X$ and $Y$ areincreasing
(d) None of these

Q9. If the rank correlation co-efficient between marks in management and mathematics for a group of students is 0.6 and the sum of the squares of the difference in rank is 66 . Then what is the number of students in the group?
(a) 9
(b) 10
(c) 11
(d) 12

Q10. If the correlation coefficient between $X$ and $Y$ is $r, \& U=\frac{X-5}{10}$ then $r_{u x}$ is
(a) $r$
(b) $-r$
(c) $(r-5) / 2$
(d) $(r-7) / 10$

Q11. If the sum of the product of deviations of $x$ and $y$ series from their mean is zero, then the coefficient of correlation will be
(a) 1
(b) -1
(c) 0
(d) None of these

Q12. In case 'Insurance Companies' Profits and the no. of claims they have to pay:
(a) Positive correlation
(b) Negative correlation
(c) No correlation
(d) None of these

Q13. If $r=0.6$ then the coefficient of non-determination is $\qquad$
(a) 0.4
(b) -0.6
(c) 0.36
(d) 0.64

Q14. Correlation coefficient between $x$ and $y$ is 1 , then correlation coefficient between $x-2$ and $(-y / 2)+1$ is.
(a) 1
(b) -1
(c) $-1 / 2$
(d) $1 / 2$

Q15. If the sum of the squares of Rank differences in the marks of 10 students in two subject is 44 , then the coefficient of rank correlation is $\qquad$
(a) 0.78
(b) 0.73
(c) 0.87
(d) None

Q16. The coefficients of correlation between two variables $X$ and $Y$ is the simple $\qquad$ of the two regression.
(a) Arithmetic Mean.
(b) Geometric Mean.
(c) Harmonic Mean.
(d) None of the above

Q17. If 2 variables are uncorrelated, their regression lines are:
(a) Parallel
(b) Perpendicular
(c) Coincident
(d) Inclined at 45 degrees

Q18. Given :
$\bar{X}=16, \sigma_{x}=4.8, \bar{Y}=20, \sigma_{y}=9.6$
The coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ is 0.6 . What will be the regression coefficient of ' $x$ ' on ' $y$ ' ?
(a) 0.03
(b) 0.3
(c) 0.2
(d) 0.05

Q19. If the sum of the product of deviations of $x$ and $y$ series from their mean is zero, then the coefficient of correlation will be
(a) 1
(b) -1
(c) 0
(d) None of these

Q20. For a bivariate data two lines of regression are $40 x-18 y=214$ and $8 x-10 y+66=0$, then find the values of $x$ and $y$
(a) 17 and 13
(b) 13 and 17
(c) 13 and-17
(d) -13 and 17

Q21. Out of the following which one affects the regression co-efficient?
(a) Change of origin only
(b) Change of scale only
(c) Change of scale \& origin both
(d) Neither change of origin nor change of scale

Q22. $\qquad$ of the regression Coefficient is greater than the correlation coefficient
(a)Combined mean
(b) Harmonic mean
(c) Geometric mean
(d) Arithmetic mean.

Q23. The two regression line are $7 x-3 y-18=0$ and $4 x-y-11=0$. Find the value of $b_{y x}$ and $b_{x y}$
(a) $7 / 3,1 / 4$
(b) $-7 / 3,-1 / 4$
(c) $-3 / 7,-1 / 4$
(d) None of them

Q24. Which of the following regression equations represent regression line of Y on X :
$7 x+2 y+15=0,2 x 4-5 y+10=0$
(a) $7 x+2 y+15=0$
(b) $2 x+5 y+10=0$
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these

Q25. The two regression equations are: $2 x+3 y+18=0 x+2 y-25=0$ find the value of $y$ if $x=9$
(a) -8
(b) 8
(c) -12
(d) 0

Q26. The lines of regression are as follows:
$5 x-145=-10 y ; 14 y-208-8 x$. The mean values $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ is:
(a) $(12,5)$
(b) $(5,7)$
(c) $(7,12)$
(d) $(5,12)$

Q27. Given the regression equations as $3 x+y=13$ and $2 x+5 y=20$. Find regression equation of $y$ on $x$.
(a) $3 x+y=13$
(b) $2 x+Y=20$
(c) $3 x+5 y=13$
(d) $2 x+5 y=20$

Q28. The method applied for deriving regression equations is known as:
(a) Concurrent deviation
(b) Product moment
(c) Least squares
(d) Normal equation

Q29. The following data is given, based on 450students for marks in Statistics and Economics at a certainexamination:
Mean marks in Statistics $=40$
Mean marks in Economics $=48$
S.D. of marks (Statistics) $=12$

Variance of marks (Economics) $=256$
Sum of the products of deviations of marks from their respective mean $=42075$

The average marks in Economics of candidates who obtained 50 marks in Statistics is:
(a) 45
(b) 54.5
(c) 54
(d) 47.5

Q30. If the correlation coefficient between two variables is 1 , then the two lines of regressions are:
(a) Parallel
(b) At right angles
(c) Coincident
(d) None of these
s
ANSWER KEY:

| 1. A | 2. B | 3. C | 4. C | 5. A | 6. B | 7. C | 8. B | 9. B | 10. A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11. C | 12. B | 13. D | 14. B | 15. B | 16. B | 17. B | 18. B | 19. C | 20. B |
| 21. B | 22. D | 23. A | 24. B | 25. B | 26. D | 27. D | 28. C | 29. B | 30. C |

